ALEXANDRIA SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA 2010-2011 SEASON KIM ALLEN KLUGE, MUSIC DIRECTOR

Saturday, March 12, 2011 at 8:00 PM AND Sunday, March 13, 2011 at 3:00 PM Schlesinger Center

Verdi

Requiem

The Metropolitan Chorus Heritage Signature Chorale Alexandria Choral Society NOVA Community Chorus

Jan Cornelius, soprano; Stacey Rishoi, mezzo-soprano; Scott Six, tenor; Gus Andreassen, bass-baritone

Verdi Requiem

By May of 1874 when his Requiem was first performed, Giuseppi Verdi. (1813 – 1901) was in his sixty-second year. He had already been a recognized, successful composer of opera for thirty-five years. He had reached the age when his thoughts might be expected to turn to retirement. Verdi, it is true, had given the matter some serious thought. The urge to memorialize two famous Italians, composer Gioacchino Rossini and author Alessandro Manzoni. however, propelled Verdi to compose his Requiem. Verdi temporarily put aside his thoughts of retirement; it would not be until after completing the Requiem that he would actually propose a formal retirement. Oddly, it would be the success the he achieved with the Requiem that led to a meeting at which Verdi was to put off his retirement once again and return to his beloved world of opera.

But before that final, sustained burst of creative energy that would give the world *Otello*, *Falstaff*, and the majestic *Quattro pezze sacri*, Verdi brought forth the magnificent Messa da Requiem.

Almost from the moment of its first performance, Verdi's Requiem has been the subject of controversy. Although many critics and audiences praised the work, there were others. like 19th Century music critic Hans von Bülow who referred to the Requiem as Verdi's "latest opera in church vestments." Such stinging criticism was nothing new to Verdi. His career in opera had afforded him ample opportunity to become a target of critics and censors. His wife, writing to a friend, responded to complaints that her husband's composition was not more "church-like," more in the style of Mozart, Cherubini, etc., "I

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One of the pieces that Italians will always associate with Verdi is the Chorus "Va pensiero" from his opera Nabucco. It became the Italian equivalent of "God Bless America," especially during the unification of Italy in the 19th Century. When Verdi was rehearsing the opera, everything was going badly - the singers were uncooperative, the orchestra was out of tune and the chorus, rehearsing "Va pensiero" was anything but enthusiastic. The stagehands, listening, stopped their work and listened silently as if in church, sitting on ladder and scaffolds. When it was over they broke out into the noisiest applause the young Verdi ever heard, crying "Bravo, bravo, viva il maestro!" It was then that Verdi believed he had a future in opera.

say that a man like Verdi must write like Verdi — that is, according to his own way of feeling and interpreting the text.... The religious spirit and the way in which it finds expression must bear the imprint of its time and the individuality of its author. I should, so to speak, have repudiated a mass by Verdi if it had been modeled on one by A, B or C."

There is no question, even in the face of his wife's spirited defense that the charge that the Requiem was "operatic" had stung. In fairness to his critics, the Verdi they knew embodied opera. To many lovers of Italian opera, Verdi was opera.

It is well worth noting that of all the composers in the pantheon of opera, there are only three whose works have always remained in the repertoire, Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart, Richard Wagner and Giuseppi Verdi. No matter how often performed, no matter how well or how poorly. these works retain their freshness and immediacy of expression. Verdi exemplified the great Italian tradition of melodic composition. His gift for melody, however, went far beyond that. As he matured over his very long career (his first opera, Oberto, was written when he was 26 and his last Falstaff when he was 79), Verdi

When the young conductor Toscanini was about to conduct Verdi's Te Deum he slowed down at a certain point. Verdi stopped him and asked him why he had done that. Toscanini replied that the music seemed to require it at that moment. Verdi stated that was correct, but that he hadn't written it in the score because he was sure conductors would exaggerate it.

refined both his melodies and the orchestrations that accompanied them. Along among the greatest composers, even those like Haydn with long composing careers, Verdi continued to change his style of composition; over the course of his career, his music became more immediate with less reliance on fixed arias and recitatives. There was an equal evolution in his use of the orchestra as well. In the early operas, the orchestra is often relegated to the simplest of accompaniments: whereas in the Requiem and in his later works the harmonies are often dense and complex. By the time he came to the writing of the Requiem, Verdi had made the orchestra the full dramatic partner of the singers on stage.

Although the Requiem is devoid of a dramatic plot, it is not without strong, dramatic emotions and even passions. The work's centerpiece is the "Dies Irae" (Day of Wrath). The text comes from a rhymed prayer called a Sequence that was a part of the Catholic Church's requiem liturgy. The text of the "Dies Irae," which Verdi divides into nine smaller movements, recounts the soul's terror at the prospect of death and final judgment. Terror, however, is not the only emotion through which the soul must pass. Verdi lines out sorrow, remorse, guilt, repentance and pleas for clemency as each of these movements succeeds the others. That the soul must expect to confront the Final Judgment before God's throne seems a foregone conclusion.

It is this finality that has led to some confusion about Verdi's own religious beliefs. Like Beethoven, Verdi was a baptized Catholic who did not practice that religion as an adult. Thinking of himself more as a non-believer than a believer, he nevertheless never totally abandoned Catholicism. His wife, describing Verdi's feelings on the matter to a friend, said "there are some virtuous natures that need to believe in God: others equally perfect, that are happy not to believe in anything, and simply observing rigorously every precept of morality. Manzoni and Verdi!" And yet his librettist Arrigo Boito. summed it up this way, "He provided an example of Christian faith by the moving beauty of his religious works. by observing rites (you remember his beautiful head bowed in the chapel of Sant'Agata), by his illustrious homage to Manzoni, by the directions for his funeral found in his will, 'one priest, one candle, one cross"

Whatever the matter of Verdi's religious faith, or lack thereof, the Requiem is intensely respectful of the tenets of the Catholic Church. As the "Dies Irae" mentioned above is the work's centerpiece, so the chorus is the central actor. The principal responsibility for expressing the

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Although he was only thirty-four years old, Arturo Toscanini was chosen to conduct the music for Giuseppi Verdi's funeral in 1901. Toscanini's own conducting career continued for the next fifty years.

Arturo Toscanini was a twenty year old cellist who managed to join the La Scala orchestra just before Verdi's Otello had its premiere. He was overwhelmed by the experience of playing for Verdi and, at the premiere, on February 5, 1887, was overcome by the music itself. Returning home to Parma some days later, he reached home at night and found his mother asleep in bed. He shook her awake. "Otello is a masteriece!" he shouted. "Get on your knees, mother and say "viva, Verdi!" The befuddled woman duly obliged.

intense emotions of the work rests with the chorus. Verdi, certainly no slouch when it came to writing for solo voices, does not slight them in the Requiem, but the are more reflections on the principal themes outlines by the chorus. Evidence of this may be found in the wedding of solo and choral lines. Again and again throughout the work, soloists and chorus parts share the same melodic material. And it is in his writing for the chorus that Verdi demonstrates his utter mastery of the form. Author and critic Andrew Porter put it best:

"Verdi's new command of large movements, of what is loosely termed 'symphonic development,' and of a very full, very powerful choral and orchestral palette, could here be deployed without being tempered by theatrical and scenic requirements. In fact the Mass for the Dead provided him with one of the most dramatic situations he had ever set, and he responded to them with high inspiration, rhythmic, sonic and structural.... The Requiem is at once a monument to Italian genius as Verdi perceived it in Rossini and Manzoni, an affirmation of his belief in an Italian music where the orchestra is very important, and the climax of all those scenes, some tender, some terrifying, in which he sought to express his vision of suppliant humanity."

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Soloists Ian Cornelius

Native Texan Jan Cornelius is quickly making a name for herself on today's operatic scene. Her voice has been



described as a "dark-toned soprano. tipped with a silvery edge." Most recently, she received 2nd prize at the Connecticut Opera Guild's Vocal Competition, as well as performing on the Metropolitan Opera stage as a National Council Competition Semi-Finalist, Ms. Cornelius burst onto the competition scene in 2008, winning second prize in the Licia Albanese-Puccini Foundation Vocal Competition, as well as first prize in the Gerda Lissner Competition. In the spring of 2009, Ms. Cornelius was 2nd prize winner in both the Fritz & Lavinia Jensen Foundation as well as the Loren L. Zachary Vocal Competition. She made her international competition debut that fall as a finalist in the prestigious Monserrat Caballe International Vocal Competition. She has also received encouragement award from the Opera Index Foundation and the Giulio Gari Vocal Foundation.

Ms. Cornelius is approaching her 4th year as a resident artist at the Academy of Vocal Arts in Philadelphia, Philadelphia. Most recently she made her role debut as Mimi in Puccini's *La Boheme*. There, she has also performed Anna Bolena in the opera by the same name, Silvana in Respighi's *La Fiamma*. Violetta in *La*

traviata, Countess in Strauss' Capriccio, Fiordilidgi in Così fan tutte, and Manon Lescaut in Act 2 of Manon Lescaut.

As a young artist, she performed with Opera Theatre of St. Louis, Chautauqua Opera, Pensacola Opera, Mobile Opera, Birmingham Opera, Des Moines Metro Opera, and Ohio Light Opera. She spent a year and a half as a resident artist with Virginia Opera's Spectrum Young Artist Program, While there, Ms. Cornelius performed children's operas for more than 150,000 school children across the Virginia country side, at the same time making her main stage debut as Frasquita in Carmen and Nedda (Pagliacci). The summer of 2007 was her professional debut with Chautaugua Opera as Micaëla in Carmen.

Summer of 2010 takes Ms. Cornelius to Hawaii for her performance as Micaëla with the Hawaii Performing Arts Festival in their production of Camen. Afterwards, she is looking forward to an exciting upcoming season marking her professional debut with Atlanta Opera as Musetta, Virginia Opera as Fiordilidgi and singing the soprano solos in Verdi's Requiem with the Alexandria Symphony.

Stacey Rishoi

Mezzosoprano Stacey Rishoi has garnered an international reputation for the beauty and power of



her instrument. Following her debut as Adalgisa in *Norma* the *Washington Post* stated, "It was Rishoi's Adalgisa, however, who nearly stole the show with a performance that was convincing and unwavering from start to finish... Rishoi commanded the stage with a lustrous voice graced with natural expression and a surprising clarion projection."

In 2010-11 Stacey Rishoi returns to Calgary Opera to sing Amneris in Aida and to Cincinnati Opera to sing Maddalena in Rigoletto. She also performs the role of Komponist in Ariadne auf Naxos with Toledo Opera. and appears as soloist with both the Alexandria Symphony Orchestra and Kalamazoo Symphony Orchestra in Verdi's Requiem, the Virginia Symphony Orchestra in Handel's Messiah. and the Toledo Symphony Orchestra in Beethoven's Symphony No. 9. In the 2009-10 season she returned to the Virginia Symphony Orchestra to sing Messiah, JoAnn Falletta conducting; sang as soloist in Beethoven's Symphony No. 9 with both the Fresno Philharmonic and Springfield Symphony orchestras; in Verdi's Requiem with Bel Canto Chorus; in Mendelssohn's Elijah with the Florida Orchestra; and in an evening of opera highlights with Kentucky Symphony Orchestra. In summer 2010 she sings as soloist in Cincinnati Opera's 90th Anniversary Gala concert.

Her 2008-09 season included singing as soloist in *Messiah* with the Pacific and Jacksonville symphony orchestras; Komponist in *Ariadne auf Naxos* with Calgary Opera; De Falla's *El Amor Brujo* with the Cincinnati Chamber Orchestra; Mozart's Requiem with the Jacksonville and Atlanta symphony orchestras; Verdi's *Requiem* with the Choral Arts

Society of Washington, DC; Mahler's Symphony No. 2 with the Buffalo Philharmonic; Mahler's Symphony No. 3 with West Virginia Symphony; and an appearance with the South Dakota Chamber Orchestra in a vocal showcase concert, which included Berlioz' Les Nuits d'ete, through Sounds of South Dakota.

Highlights of Ms. Rishoi's recent seasons include two successful role debuts - Dalila in Samson et Dalila with Nashville Opera and Donna Elvira in Don Giovanni with Orlando Opera; her return to Washington National Opera as Waltraute in Die Walküre; Beethoven's Symphony No. 9 with North Carolina Symphony Orchestra, conducted by Grant Llewellyn: Dvorák's Stabat Mater and Beethoven's Missa Solemnis with Choral Arts Society of Washington, DC; de Falla's The Three Cornered Hat with Columbus Symphony; joining the roster of the Metropolitan Opera for the world premiere of Tan Dun's The First Emperor, Mozart's Requiem with the Mormon Tabernacle Choir; and performances of Vaughan Williams' Five Tudor Portraits and Serenade to Music at the Washington National Cathedral.

Ms. Rishoi has met with critical acclaim on concert stages across the U.S. and has garnered an extensive list of symphonic credits. Among her many successes are Mahler's *Symphony No. 8* with Leonard Slatkin and the National Symphony Orchestra; Mahler's *Symphony No. 2* with the Pittsburgh, Virginia, and Syracuse symphony orchestras; Beethoven's *Symphony No. 9* with Virginia Symphony Orchestra, National Symphony Orchestra, National Symphony

Orchestra, and Santa Rosa Symphony; her engagement by Kurt Masur and the New York Philharmonic to sing the world premiere of Michael Torke's Four Seasons and Aaron Kernis' Garden of Light, which was followed by an immediate re-engagement to sing the world premiere of Ades' America: A Prophesy; and Mozart's Requiem with the Phoenix Symphony Orchestra, Orlando Philharmonic Orchestra, and Portugal's Festival dos 100 Dias. She has performed Bach's Magnificat with the Cincinnati Symphony Orchestra; B Minor Mass with the Bach Festival Society (FL); and St. Matthew Passion with the Choral Arts Society of Washington, D.C.; Handel's Messiah with both the Phoenix and San Diego symphony orchestras; and Vivaldi's Gloria with the Columbus Symphony Orchestra, Ms. Rishoi can be heard on the world premiere recording of Liszt's St. Stanislaus, conducted by James Conlon, on the Telarc label. The Liszt also marked her debut performance at the Cincinnati May Festival.

Ms. Rishoi is a winner of the 1999 Metropolitan Opera National Council Auditions and the Norman Treigle Award from New York City Opera. She has served as artist in residence at Festival Dos 100 Dias in Portugal and at the Beaumaris Festival in Wales. She is married to bass Gustav Andreassen.

Scott Six

A native of the San Francisco Bay Area, Scott Six has appeared with many



leading opera companies throughout the United States, including Portland Opera, Opera Omaha, Opera in the Heights, and Glimmerglass Opera in Cooperstown New York, Scott is a graduate of the Indiana University Jacobs School of Music, where he studied with renowned American Bass Giorgio Tozzi, In 2009, Scott was a finalist in the 46th annual Francisco Vinas Voice Competition in Barcelona, Spain, and in 2010 was awarded First Place: Wagner Division, in the Liederkranz Foundation Vocal Competition in New York. Scott is on the roster of the Evelyn Lear and Thomas Stewart Emerging Singers Program, under the auspices of the Wagner Society of Washington, D.C.

Gustav Andreassen

Norwegian-American bass Gustav Andreassen has performed with major opera companies and orchestras throughout North Ameri-



can and Europe, to great acclaim. For his recent portrayal of Sparafucile in Rigoletto, Opera News stated: "The extraordinary potent bass of Gustav Andreassen was all black tone - sonorous, distinctive, with fine musicianship and dramatic flair." Gustav Andreassen's 2010-11 season currently includes singing Sparafucile in Rigoletto with Cincinnati Opera, the roles of both Truffaldino in Ariadne auf Naxos and Nick Shadow

in The Rake's Progress with Toledo Opera, and Verdi's Requiem with both Opera Naples and the Alexandria Symphony Orchestra. In the 2009-10 season he sang Colline in La bohème with Portland Opera, also with Indianapolis Opera, Raimondo in Lucia di Lammermoor with Green Mountain Opera Festival, as soloist in Beethoven's Symphony No. 9 with both the Fresno Philharmonic and Springfield Symphony orchestras; and in Verdi's Requiem with Rochester Philharmonic, also with the Louisville Orchestra. In summer 2009, he sang as soloist at the Aspen Music Festival in Shostakovich's Symphony No. 13. "Babi Yar."

Recent highlights include appearing as Leporello in Don Giovanni at Arizona Opera, Osmin in Die Entführung aus dem Serail with Opéra Atelier (Toronto), singing as soloist in Verdi's Requiem with the Hartford Symphony Orchestra, in Mozart's Requiem with the Atlanta Symphony, in an appearance with the South Dakota Chamber Orchestra in a vocal showcase concert through Sounds of South Dakota, a concert appearance as Prince Gremin in Eugene Onegin with the National Symphony Orchestra, the roles of Mercury and Ghost of Hector in Berlioz's Les Troyens with the Boston Symphony Orchestra under James Levine at Tanglewood, and performances of Schoenberg's Gurrelieder at the Aspen Music Festival.

Mr. Andreassen's prolific opera career includes successes at leading opera houses throughout the world. He is a frequent presence at Utah Opera, having performed Daland in

Der fliegende Holländer, Truffaldino in Ariadne auf Naxos, and King in Aida; and has sung several roles at Arizona Opera, including Daland. Blitch in Susannah, and Sarastro in Die Zauberflöte. He has performed as Sourin in Pique Dame and as Prince Gremin with San Francisco Opera, Osmin with both Boston Lyric Opera and Glimmerglass Opera, Basilio in Il barbiere di Siviglia with Wolf Trap Opera, as well as Commendatore in Don Giovanni with Boston Baroque, Florida Grand Opera, and Cincinnati Opera, among others. An avid concert artist, Mr. Andreassen's extensive list of symphonic engagements include performances of Mozart's Requiem with Atlanta Symphony Orchestra under Robert Spano, Shostakovich's Symphony No. 13 with Seattle Symphony under Gerard Schwarz, Bach's Magnificat with Cincinnati Symphony Orchestra. the world premiere of Liszt's St. Stanislaus at the Cincinnati May Festival under James Conlon, and both Messiah and Mozart's Requiem with the Tucson Symphony Orchestra, He has also appeared as soloist in Beethoven's Symphony No. 9 at the Chautaugua Institution, Beethoven's Mass in C and Choral Fantasy with Omaha Symphony Orchestra, Mozart's Mass in C Minor with Alabama Symphony Orchestra, Verdi's Requiem with Black Hills Symphony, Schubert's Mass in G with Arizona State Chorus, and Mozart's Vesparae Solemnes with Masterworks Chorale of Tucson.

In addition to winning the Heinz Rehfuss Singing-Actor Award at Orlando Opera, Mr. Andreassen received three prestigious awards while a graduate student at Cincinnati Conservatory or Music: the Italo Tajo Award, the Norman Treigle/New York City Opera Award, and the Corbett Award. While an undergraduate at the University of Arizona he was awarded

first place in the Amelia Rieman Competition and placed second in the Western Region Metropolitan Opera National Council Auditions. A native of Oregon, Gustav Andreassen is married to mezzo-soprano Stacey Rishoi.

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Now in its 35th year, the Mary Graham Lasley Scholarship Competition, co-sponsored by the Symphony Orchestra League of Alexandria and the Alexandria Symphony Orchestra, encourages college-level musicians to pursue classical music careers.

Previous winners of this competition have performed with the ASO and international orchestras and also have pursued professional teaching and concert careers.

The 2011 competition will take place on Sunday March 20, 2011 on the Alexandria campus of the Northern Virginia Community College. Please visit the ASO Web site at www.alexsym.org for additional details.

An awards ceremony and reception will be held following the competition.

Alexandria Symphony Orchestra

Kim Allen Kluge, Music Director

Saturday, March 12, 2011 at 8pm and Sunday, March 13, 2011 at 3pm
Rachel M. Schlesinger Concert Hall & Arts Center

Featuring soloists Jan Cornelius, soprano; Stacey Rishoi, mezzo-soprano;
Scott Six, tenor; Gus Andreassen, bass-baritone;
and Alexandria Choral Society, Heritage Signature Chorale,
The Metropolitan Chorus, NOVA Community Chorus

Giuseppe Verdi

Messa da Requiem

- 1. Introit and Kyrie
- 2. Dies irae

Dies irae

Tuba mirum

Liber scriptus

Quid sum miser

Rex tremendae

Recordare

Ingemisco

Confutatis

Lacrimosa

Intermission

- 3. Offertory Domine Jesu Christe
- 4. Sanctus
- 5. Agnus Dei
- 6. Lux aeterna
- 7. Libera me

Percussion equipment courtesy of NVCC Educational Foundation.

Alexandria Symphony Orchestra, Kim Allen Kluge, Music Director

1st Violin	Indria Symphony Orchest Jose Cueto, Concertmaster	Bass	Aaron Clay**
23. 710	Allison Bailey+	5433	Alan Stewart+
	Mary Walsh		Jim Donahue
	Nathan Wisniewski		Greg Watkins
	Victor Olmsted		Bob Dodelin
	Silva Boletini	Flute	Sara Stern**
	Bob Spates	Tiute	Jonathan Baumgarten
	Brooke Brady		Kendra Craven
	Maribeth Frank	Oboe	Kathy Ceaser**
	Harriet Vorona	Obde	Mark Christianson
	Christine Kharajian	Clarinet	Ed Walters **
	Sonia Garcia-Lee	Clarifiet	Samantha Angelo
2nd Violin	Connie Milner**	Bassoon	Dean Woods**
	Natalie Trainer+	Dassoon	Barry Trent
	David McCormick		Samantha Brenner
	Michael van Wambeke		Dilyana Kirova
	AnneMarie Patterson	Horn	Amy Horn**
	Andrea Vercoe	110111	Ted Peters
	Leah Naftalin		Mark Questad
	Paula Deutsch		Shawn Hagen
	Armine Graham	Trumpet	Matt Harding**
	Janet Perry		Karl Sweedy
Viola	Richard Parnas**		Mike Mergen
	Greg Rupert+		Amy McCabe
	Gene Pohl		Kurt Dupuis
	Helen Fall		Fred Marcellus
	Henry Valoris		Dennis Ferry
	Ed Lewis		Matt Misener
	Jim Kelly	Trombone	Bryan Bourne**
	Sarah Pohl		Jeff Gaylord
Cello	Chris Moehlenkamp**		Paul Schultz
	David Cho+	Tuba	Seth Cook
	Ben Wensel	Timpani	Donna di Stefano
	Dan Shomper	Percussion	Paul Edgar
	Sean Neidlinger		incipal +assistant principal
	Alison Bazala	Librarian	Henry Valoris
	Sue Kelly	Personnel	Susan Kelly
		Stage Manager Craig Teer	

Alexandria Choral Society, Brian Gendron, Artistic Director

Tenor

Soprano Annette Aldous Kate Campbell Deglans Marfe Ferguson Delano Monique Kerber Doussard Elizabeth Everson Meg Giuliano Ann Hamer Randi Hanson Flizabeth Harris Molly Henderson Meredith Houff Pamela Jennings Natalie Lauby Lourdes Long Sarah Lucas Jennifer Pachon Melissa Pascoe Amanda Ridlington **Heather Stewart** Marianne Stonefield Michelle Terry Eva Zhilyaeva Alto Megan Anderson Trudy Beddow Patricia Burson Sharon Collins Heather Cruz

Becky Grisso

Mary Page

Anita Volkert

Kristina Meacham

Elizabeth Prakash

Michael Gale Alan Morris Farshad Negarestan leff Simmons Mimi Stevens Simon Duffin Bass Rocky Ebener Clifford Gay **Greg Gloor** Stephen Hamer Josh Heit David Pritzker Vell Rives Christopher J Scott Scott Snyder Nathan Wilkinson

Michael Berger

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Nature's beauty is revered through stunning settings of flower and garden-themed texts, including Benjamin Britten's "Five Flower Songs", Fanny Mendelssohn-Hensel's "Gartenlieder", and Leonard Bernstein's "Make Our Garden Grow".
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Heritage Signature Chorale, Stanley Thurston, Artistic Director

Tenor

Janice Alexander Soprano Estelle Franklin Darlene Ifil-Taylor Jacqueline Lucas **Yolanda Peterson-Jones** Tanya Radford Anne Reid Shehhie Rice Iris Richard Linda Rivere Brenda Tucker Tammy Woodfork Alto Jennifer Barrymore Yvonne Baskerville Sharon Raukman Natalie Carter Shirley Carter Amelia Coram **Rev Forrest** Carolyn Glover **Heather Griffin** Meredith Harrison Geneva Jones Kimberly Landes Margaret La Rue Letha Lucas Avis Matthews-Davis Bettie McKenzie Donna McMillan L'Shauntee Robertson Jocelyn Sands

Michelle Scott

Theresa Simmons

Adrianne Dale **Dorothy Drennen** Chris Hollinsed John Hudson Thomas Mitchell **Kevin Pincknev** Calvin Simpson Billie Smith Sherman Wright Marco Zamora Rasses Mint Basnight **Rufus Daniels** Charles Day Darryl Duff Farl Franks Richard Glover Michael A. Harris **Darryl Harrison Ray Hart Aubry Jones** Blake Lorenz Wil Parker Jaime Robinson Daniel Scott Benii Spencer Michael Wilson

Jackson Caesar

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Other program highlights include Copland's In the Beginning and Thompson's Peaceable
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For tickets and information go to www.metchorus.org

NOVA Community Chorus, Dr. Mark Whitmire, Director

Soprano
Anderson, Erika
Antonio, Therese
Besser, Karen
Brown, Cathy
Brown, Sara Dudley
Christine Hagan
Clark, Lisa
Connors, Pat

Connors, Pat
Crutzen, Magali
Derksen, Nicole
Fader, Rebecca
Fischer, LisaAnne
Furule, Hiroko
Gill, Krystin Bailey
Gossman, Cindy
Grant, Shellie
Harrison, Margaret
Jensen, Lene
LaGoe, Terri
Lesner, Leslie

Lesner, Leslie
Lowrey, Barbara
Maher, Marty
McHugh, Michelle
McKenzie, Phyllis
Miller, Carolyn
Miller, Kelly
Nystrom, Llz
Robb, Judith
Russell, Mary Lee
Rynn, Maria
Schottman, Althea
Shaw. Stania

Villarina, Antonnet Yee, Mary Alto

Simpson, Jane

Vartanian, MacKenzie

Abrego, Valentina Banas-Jones, Halina Boelk, Christine Brigida, Arlene Briscoe, Ellie Britton, Myra Bull, Elizabeth
Cantrell, Kate
Caress, Ginger
Cohen, Bette
Curry, Ella
Dee, Nicola
Escariz, Erika
Evans, Martha
Flagg, Pat
Ford-Kohne, Nancy

Halperin, Martha Hambley, Holly Hartinger, Ellen Hawkins, Izola Herndon, Ruth Hirschauer, Amy Kamara, Dorothea Lombardi, Joyce Mangus, Marion Newman, Tyra Nevland, Michelle Peetz, Deborah Pelenberg, Carol Percival, Barbara Pieper, Christine Ratcliffe, Vicki Reilly, Annette Roningen, Jane Salvatierra, Dottie Schafer-Masarsky, Kam

Seefer, Baiba Shaher, Alyssa Shaw, Desta Sokova, Olga Strobridge, Ashley Tao, Fumiyo

Tolstiarkova, Chandrika
Uri, Carol
Wade, Barbara
White, Grace
Young, Cynthia
Tenor
Bekele, Gigssa

Bubenhofer, Chris

Connors, John
DeHart, Jon
Donlan, Tom
Gavert, Ray
Gerbracht, Bob
Goldschmidt, Larry
Herndon, Estee
Jimenez, Christian
Jones, Jeremiah
Kelley, Patrick
Knepper, David
Meyer, Bill
Moore, Jerry

Ortanez, Jerico Reilly, Bill Robles, Francisco Schottman, Fred Teigo, Sandro Thomas, Alex Bass

Ardura, Robert
Brown, Bill
Bunner, Alan
Caress, Ed
Carnahan, Larry
Clark, Bob
Clark, John
Cohen, Bernie
Gans, Walter
Handley, Lock
Homayounl, Brandon
Kennedy, Richard
King, Nick

Krause, Alan Lombardi, Ray Miner, Steve Reltom, Matthew Rich, Steven Russell, Will Stevens, Dan Stewart, Jim Walsh, Patrick Wulff, Fred

Christine Hagan, Accompanist

REQUIEM

TO THE MEMORY OF ALESSANDRO MANZONI

by Giuseppe Verdi English translation by Ronald G. Precup

No.1 Requiem and Kyrie

(Soprano, Mezzo-soprano, Tenor, Bass, and Chorus)

Requiem aeternam dona eis, Domine, Eternal rest grant unto them, O Lord; et lux perpetua luceat eis.

Te decet hymnus, Deus, in Sion, Et tibi redetur votum in Jerusalem.

Exaudi orationem meam.

Ad te omnis caro veniet.

Kyrie eleison.

Christe eleison. Kyrie eleison.

and let perpetual light shine upon them To you, O God, a hymn is sung in Sion, And a prayer is raised in Jerusalem.

Hear my prayer.

To you all flesh shall come.

Lord, have mercy. Christ, have mercy. Lord, have mercy.

No. 2 - Dies irae

(Chorus)

Dies irae, dies illa, Solvet saeclum in favilla, Teste David cum Sibylla. Quantus tremor est futurus, Quando Judex est venturus. Cuncta stricte discussurus. Tuba mirum spargens sonum Per sepulchra regionum Coget omnes ante thronum. Mors stupebit et natura, Cum resurget creatura, Judicanti responsura.

O day of wrath, that dreadful day, When heav'n and earth in ashes lay, As David and the Sibyl say. The great judge will then preside, And fear and trembling will abide in all, convened from far and wide. Then the trumpet's final call Will echo through each tomb-like hall. As to the throne it summons all. Nature and death are fear-consumed, As creatures who were once entombed Rise up to be both judged and doomed.

(Mezzo-soprano)

Liber scriptus proferetur In quo totum continetur, Unde mundus judicetur. Then reading of the book proceeds, In which is written sinful deeds. Until the world its judgment reads.

Judex ergo cum sedebit, Quidquid latet, apparebit; Nil inultum remanebit. (Quartet)

When the judge takes to his throne, And hidden secrets are made known, Each must for his own sins atone.

(Soprano, Mezzo-soprano, and Tenor)

Quid sum, miser, tunc dicturus, Quem patronum rogaturus, Cum vix justus sit securus?

Who then will speak for wretched me? What advocate will make my plea, When e'en the just in fear will flee?

(Quartet and Chorus)

Rex tremendae majestatis, Qui salvandos salvas gratis, Salva me, fons pietatis. O King of awesome majesty, Your saving grace bestow on me, O save me, font of piety.

(Soprano and Mezzo-soprano)

Recordare, Jesu pie,
Quod sum causa tuae viae.
Ne me perdas illa die.
Quaerens me, sedisti lassus;
Redemisti crucem passus;
Tantus labor non sit cassus.
Juste judex ultionis,
Donum fac remissionis
Ante diem rationis.

Remember me, good Jesus, pray.
'Twas I that caused your painful way.
Let me not perish on that day.
For me were you, so weary, slain,
Salvation by the cross to gain;
Let not such hardship end in vain.
May you, just judge of retribution,
Cleanse my soul with your ablution
Ere the Judgment Day's intrusion.

Ingemisco tamquam reus,
Culpa rubet vultus meus.
Supplicanti parce, Deus.
Qui Mariam absolvisti
Et latronem exaudisti,
Mihi quoque spem dedisti.
Preces meae non sunt dignae,
Sed to bonus fac benigne.
Ne pereni cremer igne.
Inter oves locum praesta,
Et ab haedis me sequestra,
Statuens in parte dextra.

Confutatis maledictis,
Flammis acribus addictis,
Voca me cum benedictis.
Oro supplex et acclinis,
Cor contritum quasi cinis,
Sere curam mei finis.

Lacrymosa dies illa! Qua resurget ex favilla Judicandus homo reus. Huic ergo parce, Deus. Pie Jesu Domine, Dona eis requiem. Amen.

(Tenor)

'Neath heavy sins I groan until
A guilty blush my face does fill.
Let my salvation be your will.
Who Mary Magdalene forgave,
And who the thief did deign to save,
Give hope I'll yet escape the grave.
Unworthy though my prayers may be,
Your goodness gives them dignity.
Let me not burn for eternity.
Among your sheep please let me stand.
Amidst the goats don't let me land.
Give me a place at your right hand.
(Bass)

When all with curses are oppressed, And by the searing flames obsessed, Number me among the blessed. In deep humility I pray, My heart ground down to ashes gray, Oh cure me on that final day.

(Quartet and Chorus)

The final day that almost cries
Will from the ashes see arise
The guilty man, death is his due.
Spare him, God, we pray to you.
Dear Lord Jesus,
Grant them rest. Amen.

No. 3 - Domine Jesu

(Quartet)

Domine Jesu Christe, Rex gloriae, libera animas omnium fidelium

defunctorum

de poenis inferni

et de profundo lacu;

libera eas de ore leonis. Ne absorbeat tartarus.

Ne cadant in obscurum.

Signifer sanctus Michael

repraesentet eas in lucem sanctam, Quam olim Abrahae promisisti

et semini eius.

Hostias et preces, Domine,

laudis offerimus;

tu suscipe pro animabus illis

quorum hodie memoriam facimus.

Fac eas, Domine,

de morte transire ad vitam.

Lord Jesus Christ, King of glory, set free the souls of all the faithful

departed

from the pains of fire

and from the bottomless pit;

Let hellfire swallow them not

Let hellfire swallow them not.

Let them not fall into the darkness.

May St. Michael the Standard-bearer

lead them into the holy light,

as once you promised to Abraham

and his descendents.

Sacrifices and prayers of praise

we offer you, O Lord;

accept them on behalf of those

souls

we remember today.

Make them pass, O Lord,

from death to life.

No. 4 - Sanctus

(Fugue for Double Chorus)
Holy, holy, holy.

Sanctus, sanctus, sanctus, Domine Deus Sabbaoth.

Lord God of Hosts.

Pleni sunt coeli et terra gloria tua.

Heaven and earth are filled with your

glory.

Hosanna in excelsis.

Hosanna in the highest.

Benedictus qui venit in nomine Domini. Blessed is he who comes in the name o

the Lord.

Hosanna in excelsis.

Hosanna in the highest.

No. 5 - Agnus Dei

(Soprano, Mezzo-soprano, and Chorus)

Agnus Dei, qui tollis peccata mundi: Lamb of God, who takes away the sins

of the world:

dona eis requiem. Grant them rest.

Lamb of God, who takes away the sins Agnus Dei, qui tollis peccata mundi:

of the world:

Grant them rest. dona eis requiem.

Agnus Dei, qui tollis peccata mundi: Lamb of God, who takes away the sins

of the world:

Grant them eternal rest. dona eis requiem sempiternam.

No. 6 - Lux aeterna

(Mezzo-soprano, Tenor, and Bass)

Lux aeterna luceat eis, Domine, Let eternal light shine upon them,

Cum sanctis tuis in aeternum, with your saints forever, quia pius es. for you are compassionate.

Requiem aeternam dona eis, Grant them eternal rest,

et lux perpetua luceat eis. and let perpetual light shine.

No. 7 - Libera me

(Soprano and Chorus)

Libera me, Domine, de morte aeterna Deliver me, O Lord, from eternal death

in die illa tremenda. on that fearful day.

quando coeli movendi sunt et terra, when heaven and earth are shaken, dum veneris judicare saeculum and you shall come to judge

per ignem. the world by fire.

Libera me.

I am reduced to trembling, and I fear, Tremens factus sum, ego et timeo,

dum discussio venerit while all is scattered before atque ventura ira. your impending wrath.

O day of wrath, o dreadful day Dies irae, dies illa, calamitatis et miseriae.

great and intensely bitter day dies magna et amara valde. of disaster and misery.

Deliver me.